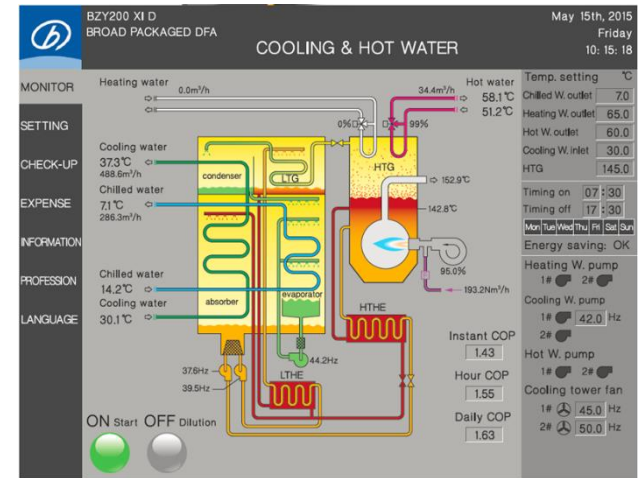




# Control Sequence and Interface





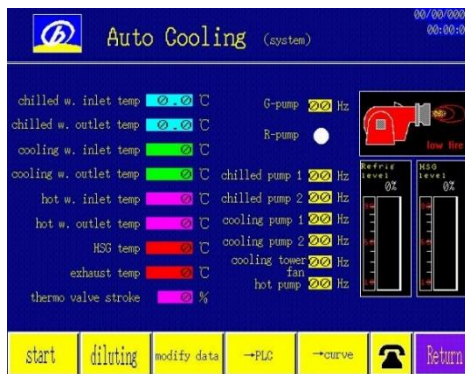
# Control Sequence and Interface

- 1) Chiller control system design concept
- 2) Electrical diagram & control panel
- 3) Chiller startup and dilution off sequence
- 4) Chiller interface
- 5) Water system control suggestion

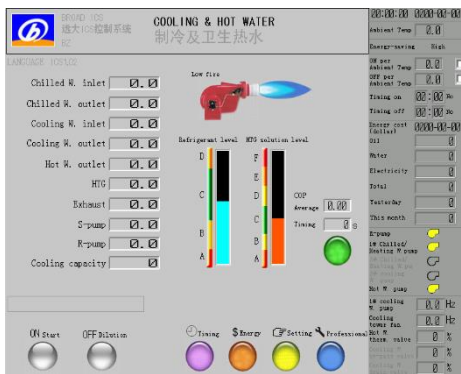


# 1. Chiller Control System Design Concept: Continuous Operation

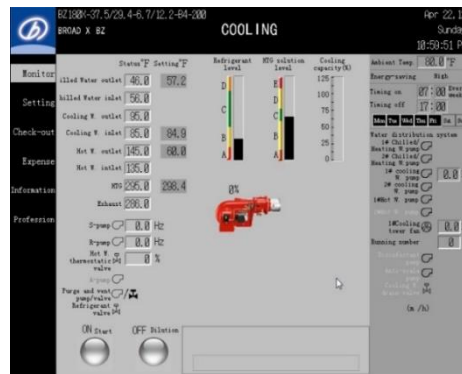
- Fully automatic control system with PLC(Programmable logic controller) based
- Potential fault detection, fault auto reset
- Self diagnosis and recovery system
- Energy saving operation
- BMS/BAS interface (Dry contact, BACnet, Modbus, Profibus)
- Water system control (Pumps, valve, cooling tower)



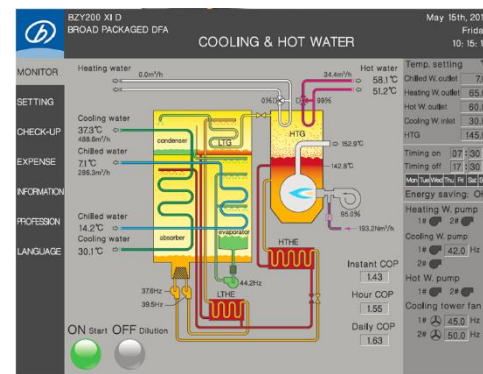
(1998-2003) – VII,VIII



(2004-2008) - IX



(2009-2016) – X



(2017-2021)- XI,XII



## 2. Electrical diagram & Control panel

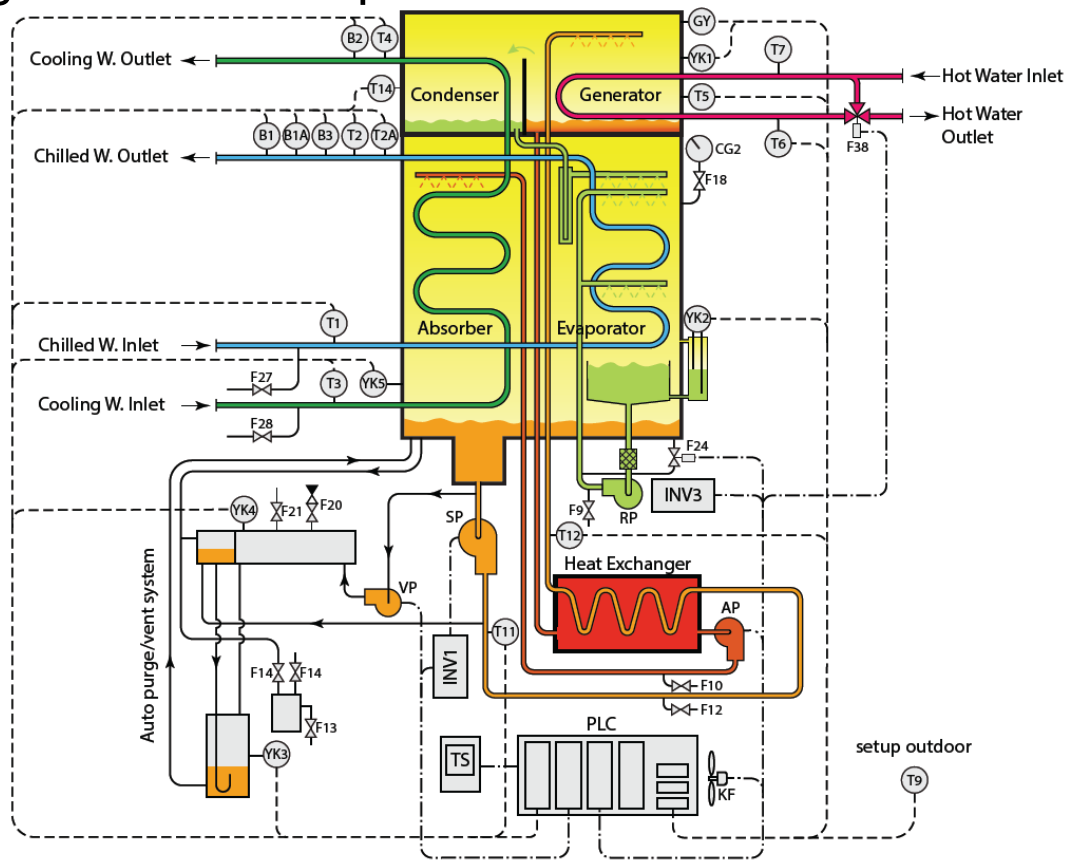
## P&I Diagram

### CONTROL DEVICES

INVI	Solution pump inverter
INV3	Refrigerant pump inverter
TS	Programmable logic
PLC	Controller

### CONTROLLED OBJECTS

RP	Refrigerant pump
SP	Solution pump
VP	Air vent pump
AP	Absorption pump
F24	Refrigerant by-pass valve
F38	Hot water motor valve
KF	Control cabinet fan



### SENSORS

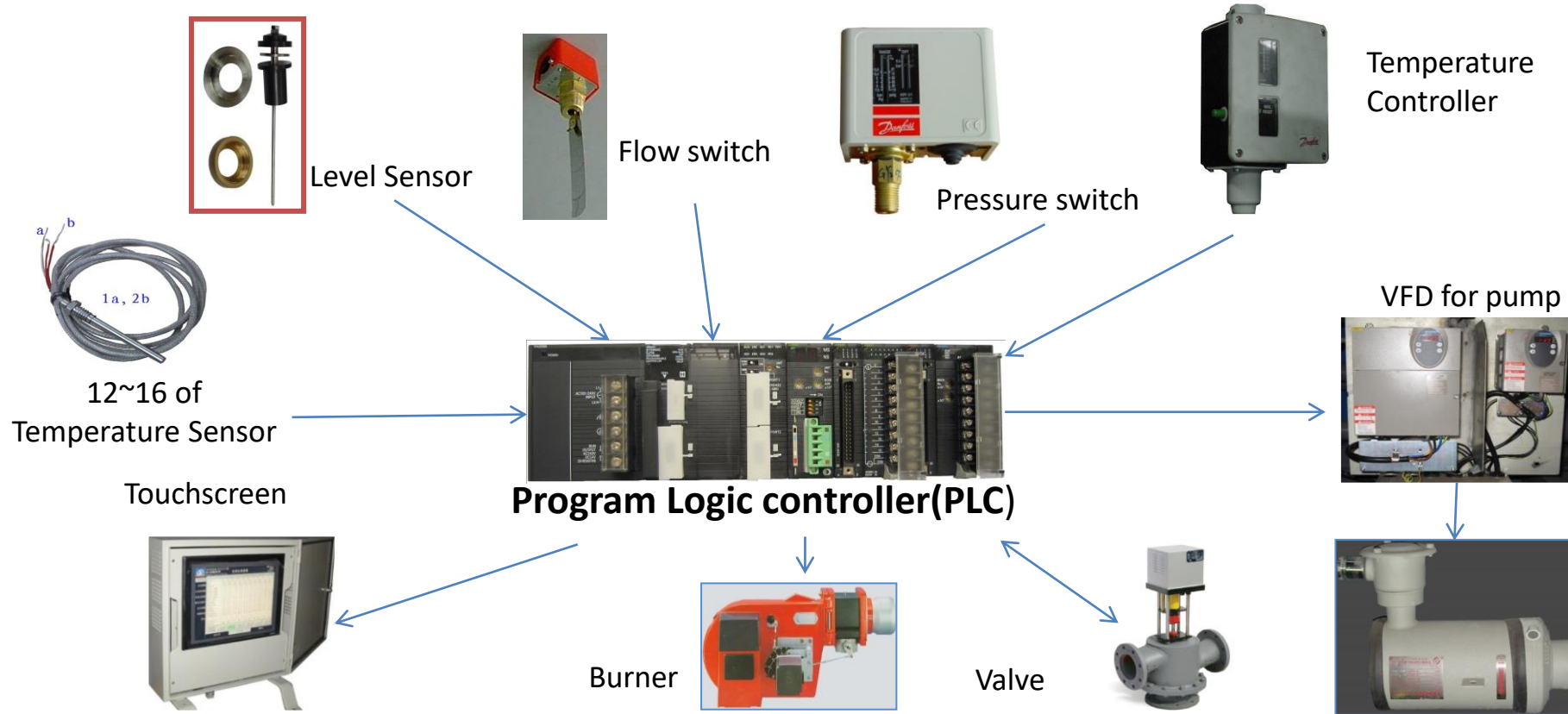
T1	Chilled water inlet sensor
T2	Chilled water outlet sensor
T2A	Chilled water calibration sensor
T3	Cooling water inlet sensor
T4	Cooling water outlet sensor
T5	Generator temperature sensor
T6	Condensate outlet temp. sensor
T7	Steam inlet temperature sensor
T9	Ambient temperature sensor
T10	HTG crystallization sensor
T11	Diluted solution inlet temp. sensor
T12	Generator crystallization sensor
T13	Control cabinet temp. sensor
T14	Condenser temperature sensor

B1	Chilled water flow switch
B1A	Chilled water flow switch
B2	Cooling water flow switch
B3	Chilled water flow switch

GY	Pressure control
YK1	Generator solution level probe
YK2	Refrigerant level probe
YK3	Non-condensable gas sensor
YK4	Auto vent probe
YK5	Absorber solution level probe

b

# Control device







## Control Panel (500 tons or below)





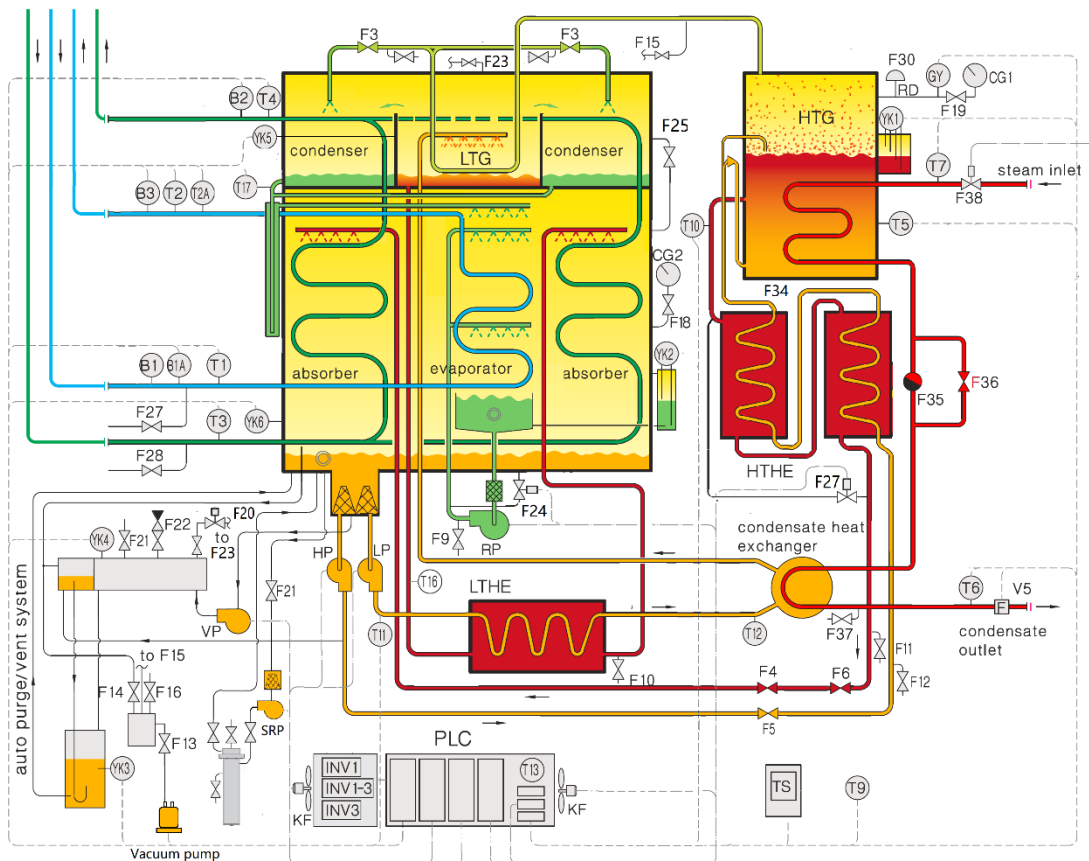
# P&I Diagram

## Control Devices:

INV1	HTG solution pump inverter
INV1-3	LTG solution pump inverter
INV3	Refrigerant pump inverter
TS	Programmable logic
PLC	Controller

## Controlled Objects:

RP	Refrigerant pump
LP	<u>LTG solution pump</u>
HP	<u>HTG solution pump</u>
VP	Air vent pump
SRP	Solution regenerator pump
F20	Purge chamber solenoid valve
F24	Refrigerant motor valve
F27	HTHE strong solution bypass valve
F38	Steam motor valve
KF	Control cabinet fan



## Sensors:

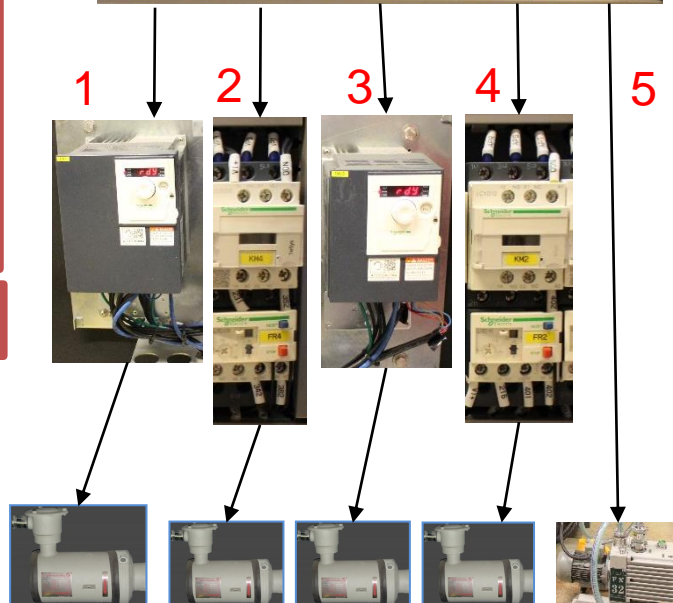
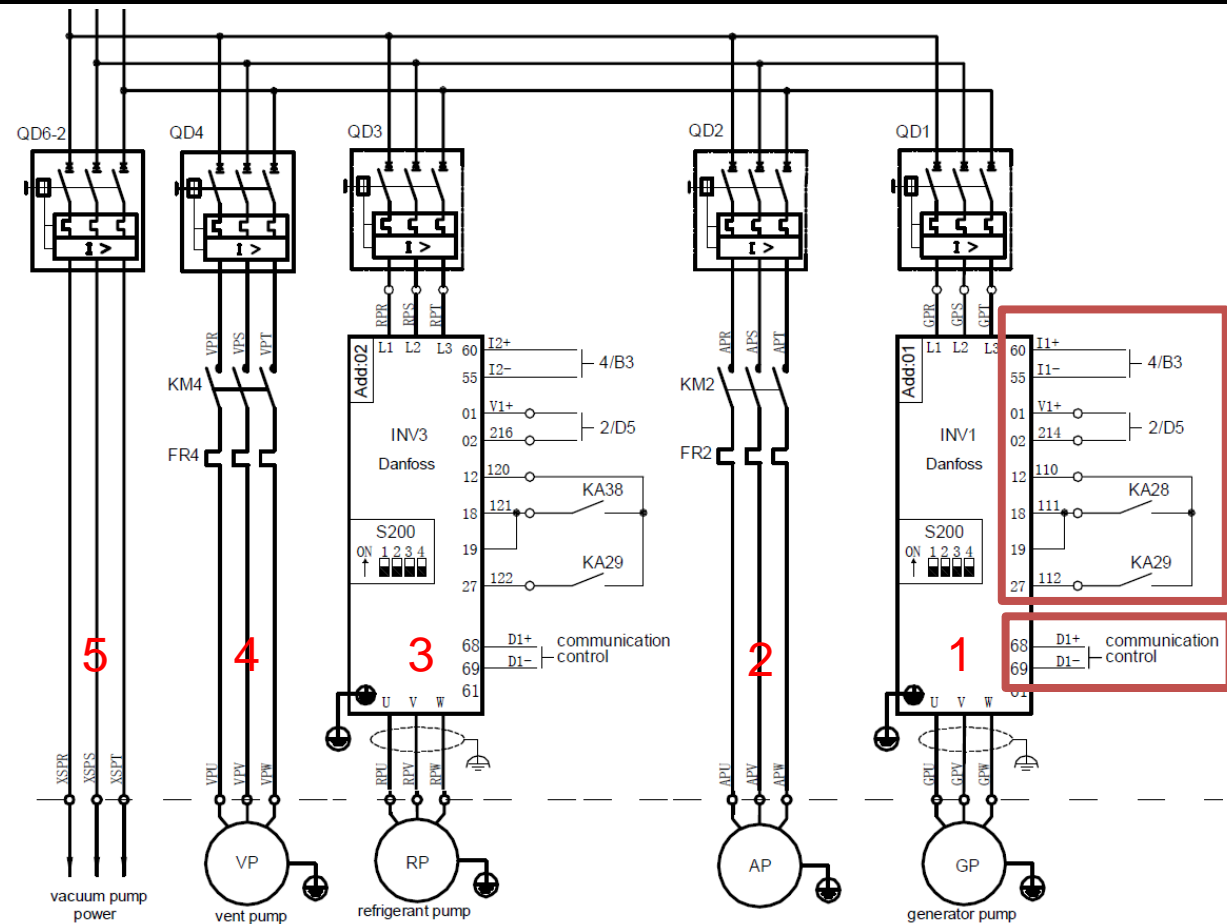
T1	Chilled W. inlet temp. sensor
T2	Chilled W. outlet temp. sensor
T2A	Chilled W. calibration temp. sensor
T3	Cooling W. inlet temp. sensor
T4	Cooling W. outlet temp. sensor
T5	HTG temp. sensor
T6	Condensate outlet temp. sensor
T7	Steam inlet temp. sensor
T9	ambient temp. sensor
T10	HTG crystallization sensor
T11	LTG diluted solution inlet temperature sensor
T12	LTG crystallization sensor
T13	Control cabinet temp. sensor
T16	LTG temp. sensor
T17	Condenser refrigerant temp. sensor
B1	Chilled W. flow switch
B1A	Chilled W. flow switch
B2	Cooling W. flow switch
B3	Chilled W. flow switch
GY	Pressure control
YK1	HTG solution level probe
YK2	Refrigerant level probe
YK3	Non- condensable gas sensor
YK4	Auto vent probe
YK5	LTG solution level probe
YK6	Absorber solution level probe
V5	Condensate flowmeter

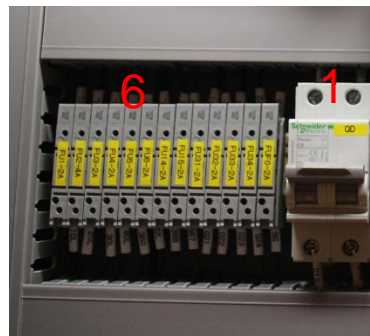
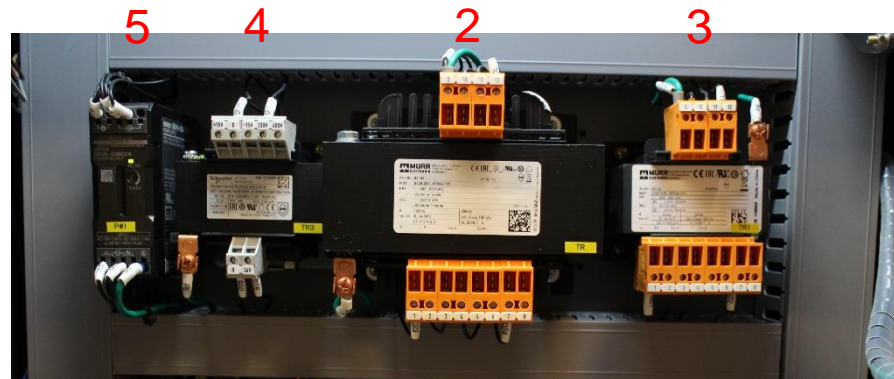
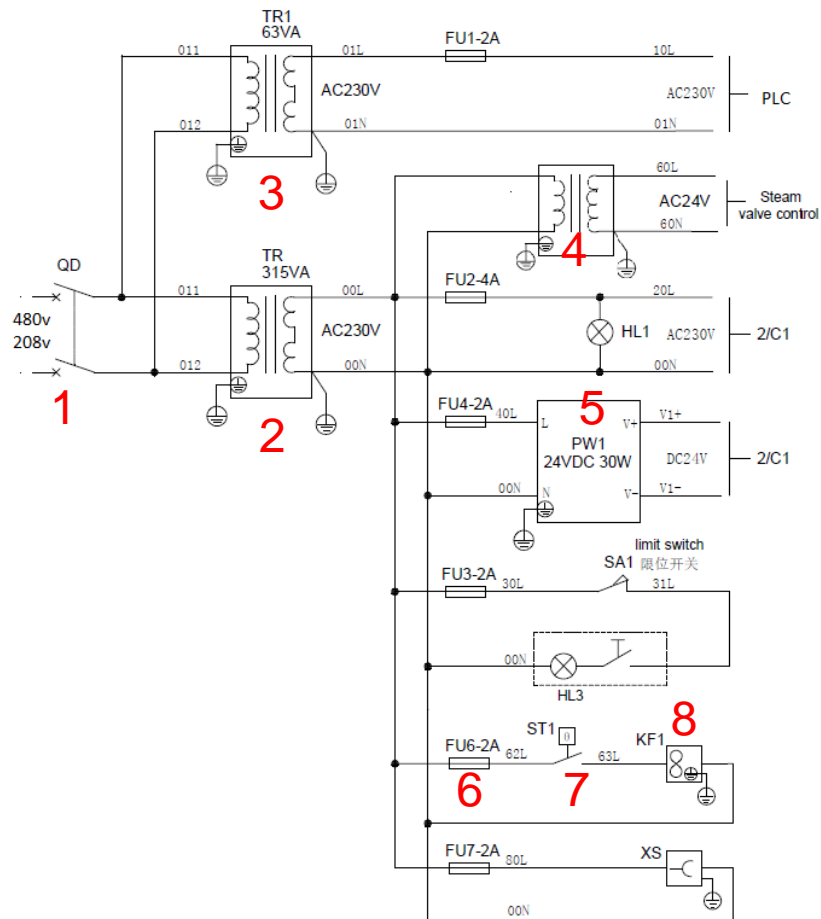


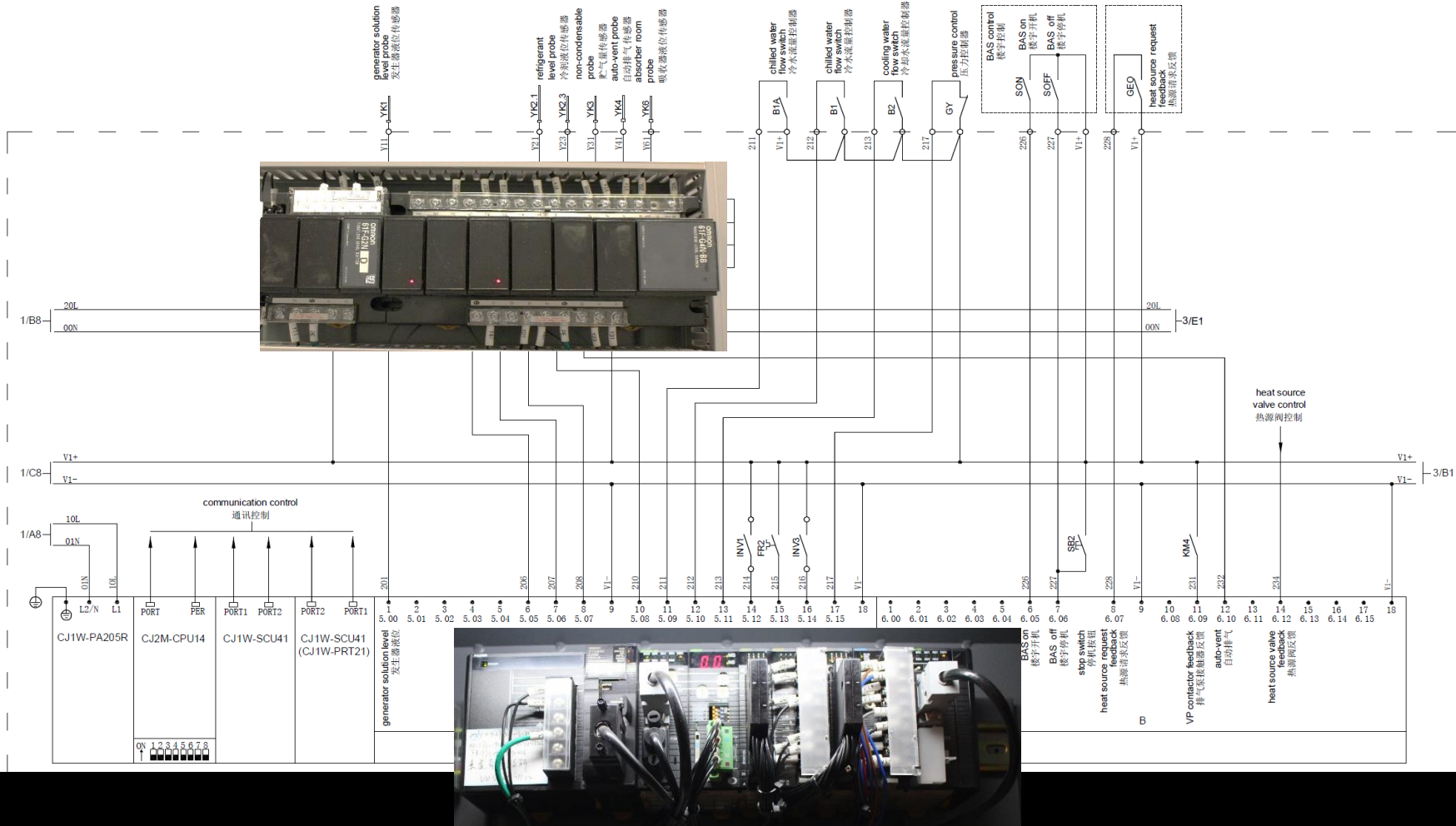
# Chiller Control Panel (600 ton up)













BR0AD X BZ

Check 1/0

2015. 10. 22

Sunday

00:47:54

Monitor

OD231-B

OC211-1

DRT2-TS04P-1

NODE:11

Setting

- 0
- 1
- 2 Anti-scales quality open/close
- 3 Cooling W.drain valve open
- 4 Cooling W.drain valve close
- 5 Bactericide quality open/close
- 6 LTGP inverter run
- 7

- 0 Fault pilot lamp
- 1 Control casing fan run
- 2 Vent pump run
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7

- 780 IN0 Ambient temp.
- 850 IN1 Control casing temp.
- 1450 IN2 Hot W. inlet temp.
- 1500 IN3 Heating W. inlet temp.

Check

DRT2-TS04P-2 NODE:23

Expense

- 8 1# Chilled W.pump run
- 9 2# Chilled W.pump run
- 10 1# Cooling W.pump run
- 11 2# Cooling W.pump run
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15

- 8 Hot W. thermostatic valve open
- 9 Hot W. thermostatic valve close
- 10 Heating W. thermostatic valve open
- 11 Heating W. thermostatic valve close
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15

- 2930 IN0 HTG temp.
- 2880 IN1 HTG crystallization temp.
- 1750 IN2 Hot W. outlet temp.
- 940 IN3 LTHE diluted solution inlet

Information

DRT2-TS04P-3 NODE:15

Profession

- 550 IN0 Chilled W. inlet temp.
- 845 IN1 Cooling W. inlet temp.
- 1750 IN2 Heating W. outlet temp.
- 3650 IN3 Exhaust temp.

Language

DRT2-TS04P-4 NODE:19

- 450 IN0 Chilled W. outlet temp.
- 950 IN1 Cooling W. outlet temp.
- 450 IN2 Chilled W. calibrating temp.
- 1680 IN3 LTHE crystallization temp.

1

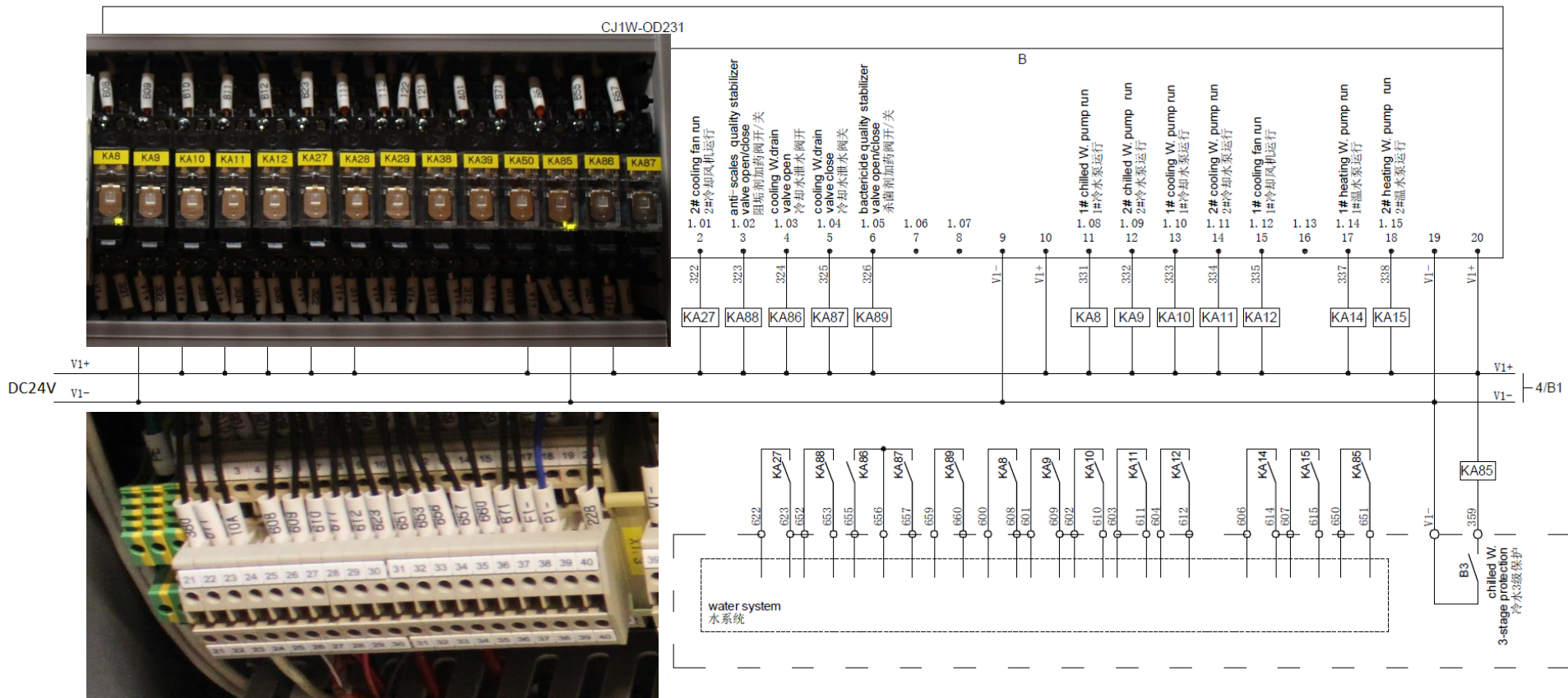
2

3

Running  
operationOperation  
record

Fault record

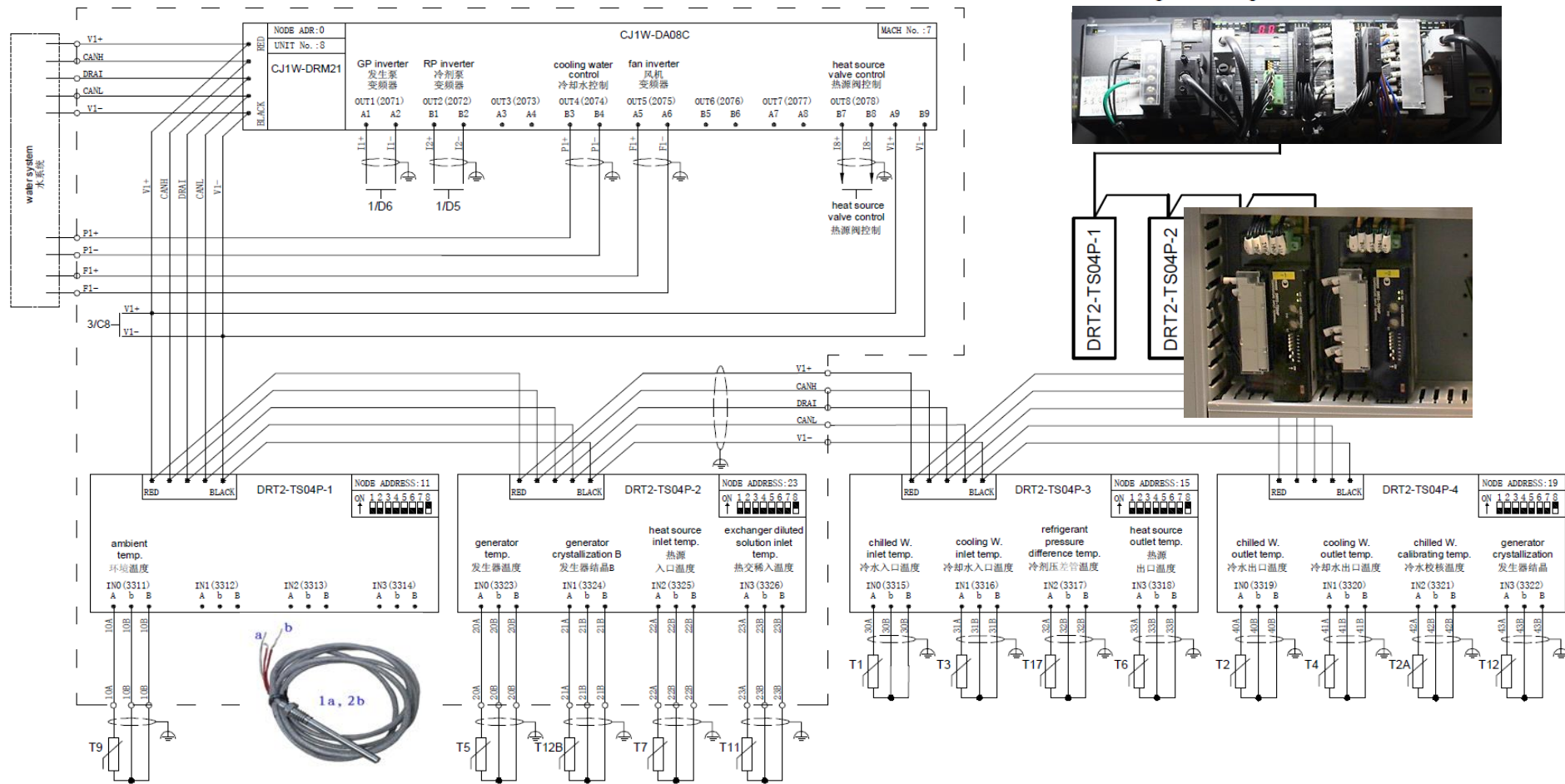
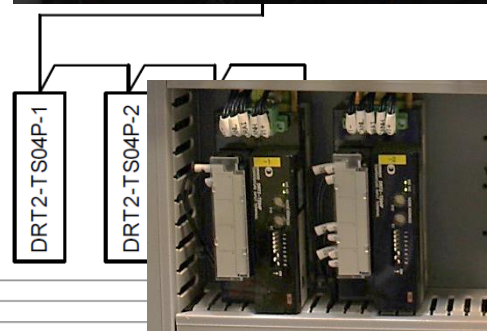
Check I/O



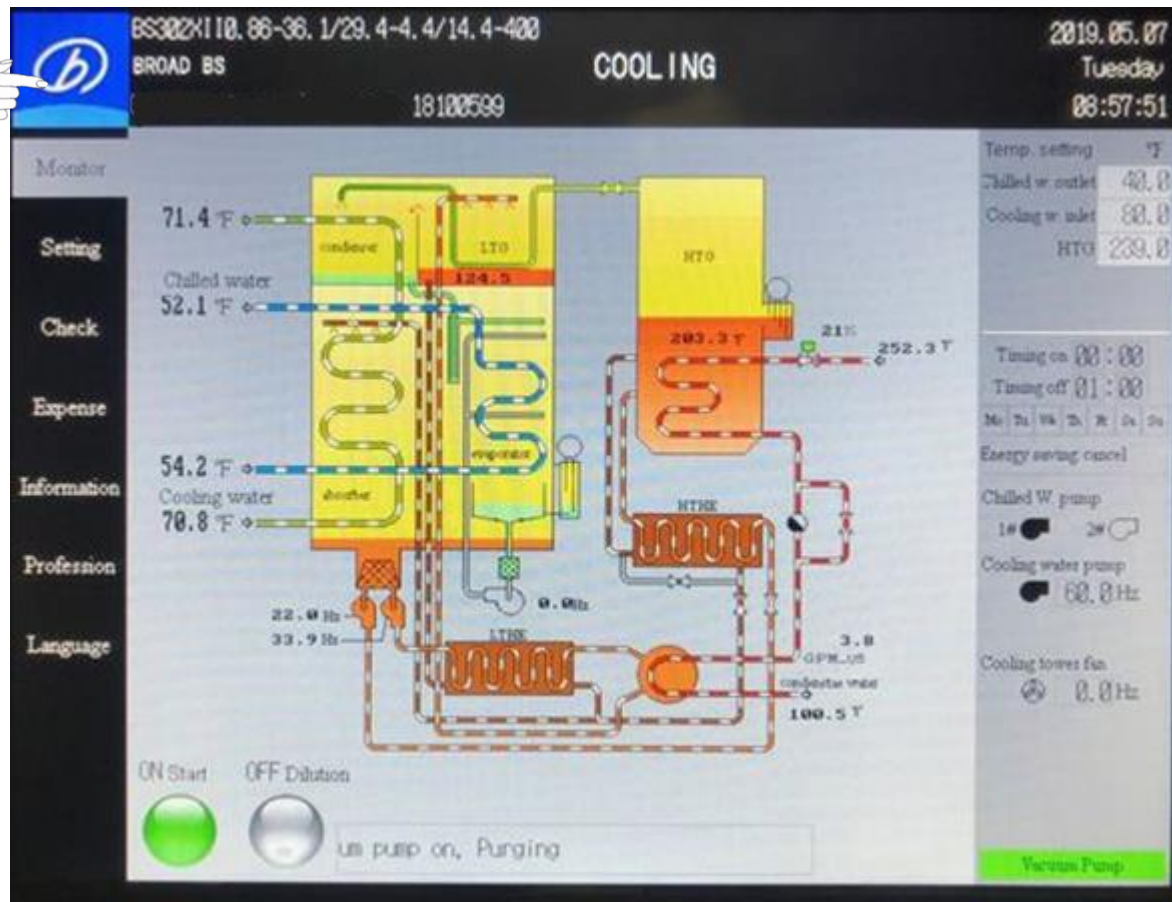




PLC arrangement diagram





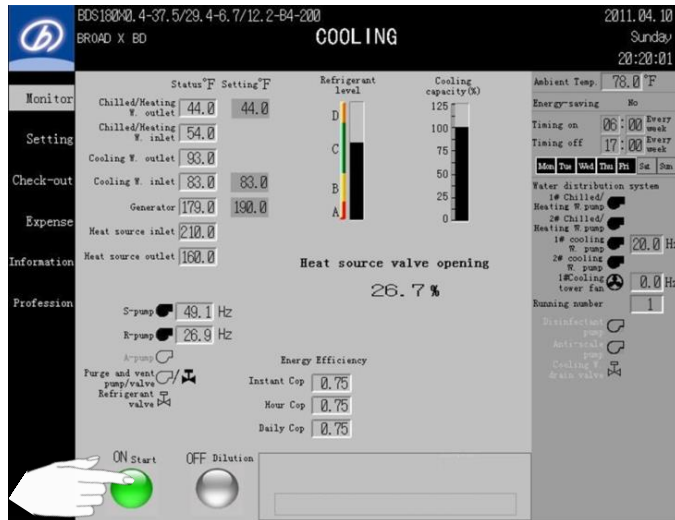




## 2. Chiller Startup and Dilution off Sequence

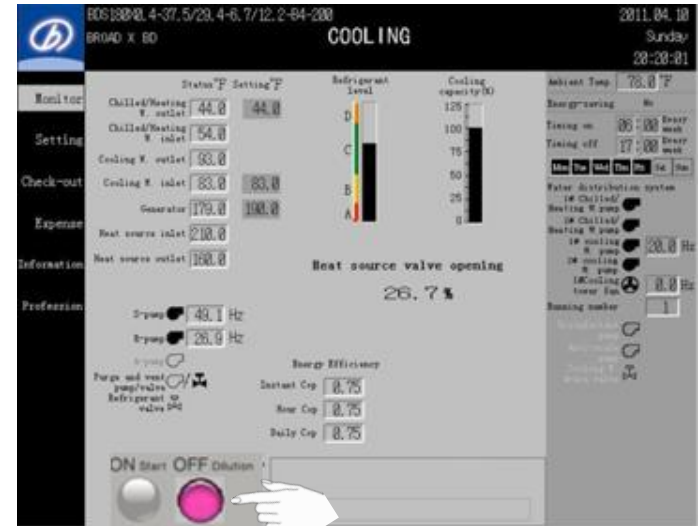
### Start:

- Press “ON Start” button will turn green
- Chilled water and Condenser water pumps will start
- After both water flow detected, chiller will proceed to meet set point



### Off Dilution:

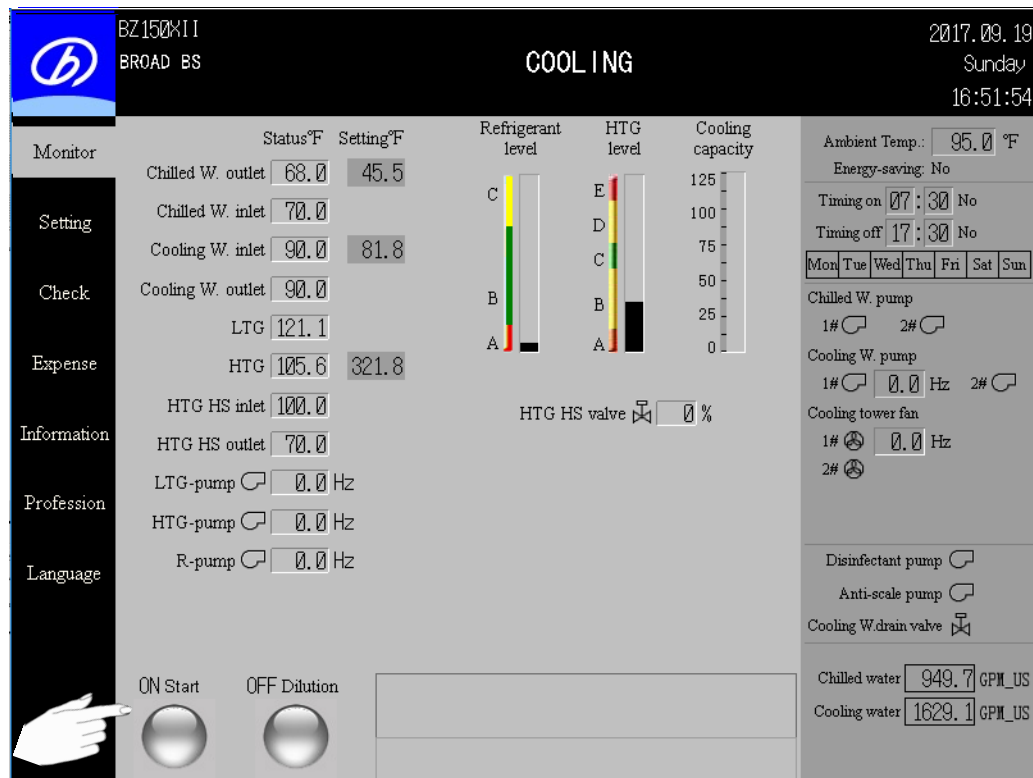
- Press “OFF Dilution” button will turn purple
- The heat source will close (burner/valve)
- Generator temperature will cool down to 135/175F
- Dilution Time: 30~90 mins depending of chiller size







# Control System – Chiller Start Sequence



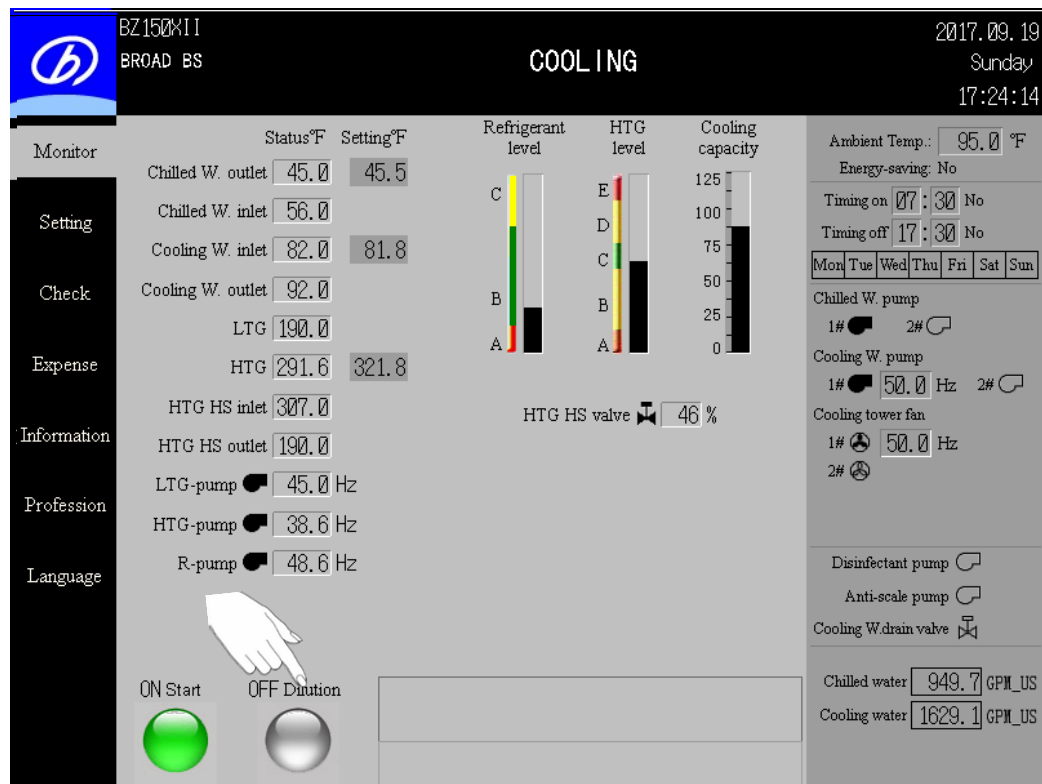
**ID231-A**

0	HTG solution level 1
1	HTG solution level 2
2	HTG solution level 3
3	
4	HTG solution level 4 (op.)
5	Refrigerant level 1
6	Refrigerant level 2
7	Refrigerant level 3(op.)
8	Non-condensable
9	Chilled W. flow switch
10	Chilled W. flow switch
11	Cooling W. flow switch
12	SP inverter feedback(op.)
13	
14	RP inverter feedback(op.)
15	HTG pressure control (op.)



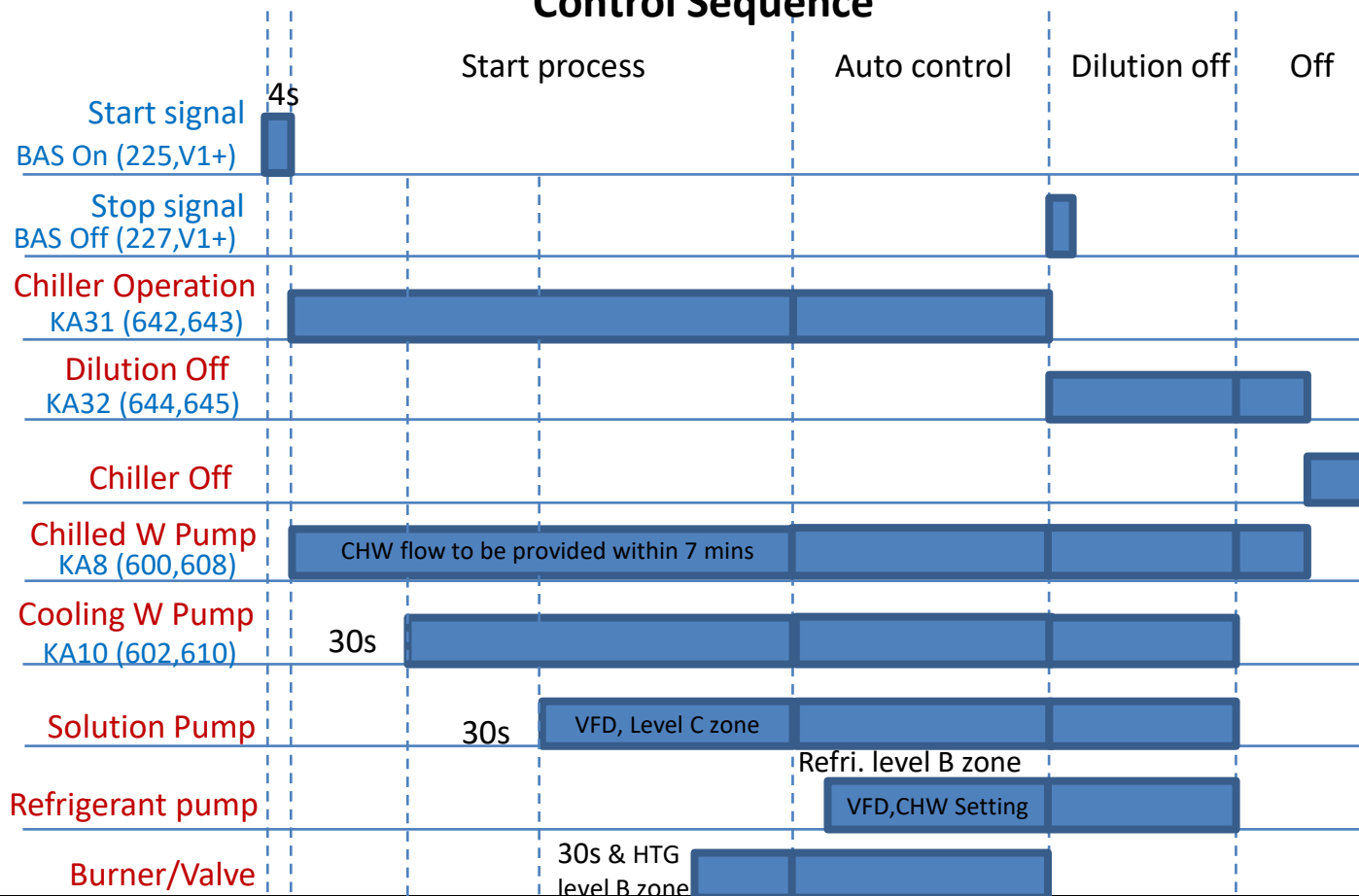


# Control System – Chiller OFF Sequence





## Control Sequence





# Dilution Cycle

## Why?

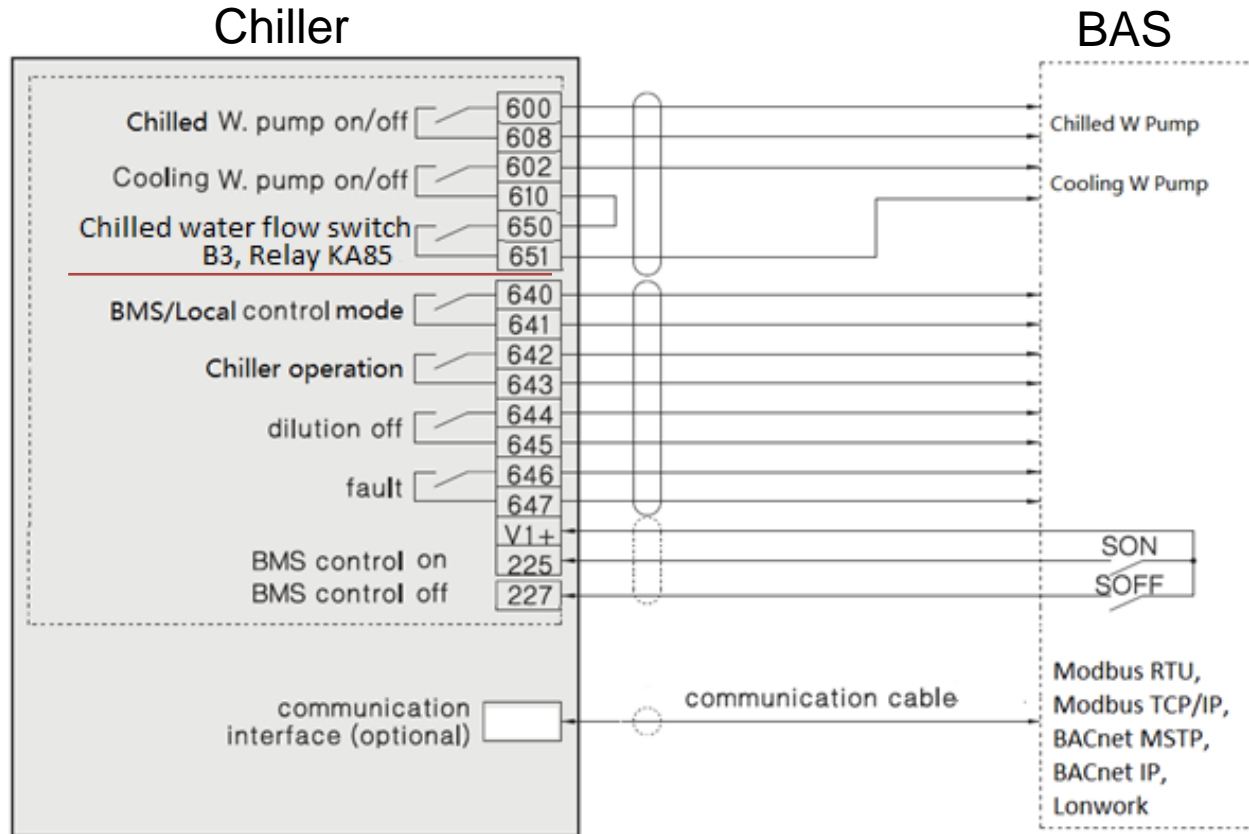
- Prevents the LiBr solution from damaging the heat exchangers with the generator pressure high cause back flow.
- Prevent any accidents such as frozen tubes or crystallization

## During Dilution Cycle

- All the pumps continuous to run
- The concentrated solution becomes diluted as it absorbs the evaporated refrigerant
- Heat is removed by the **cooling water**
- The solution temperature will be reduced slowly



# Control Sequence - BAS interface:

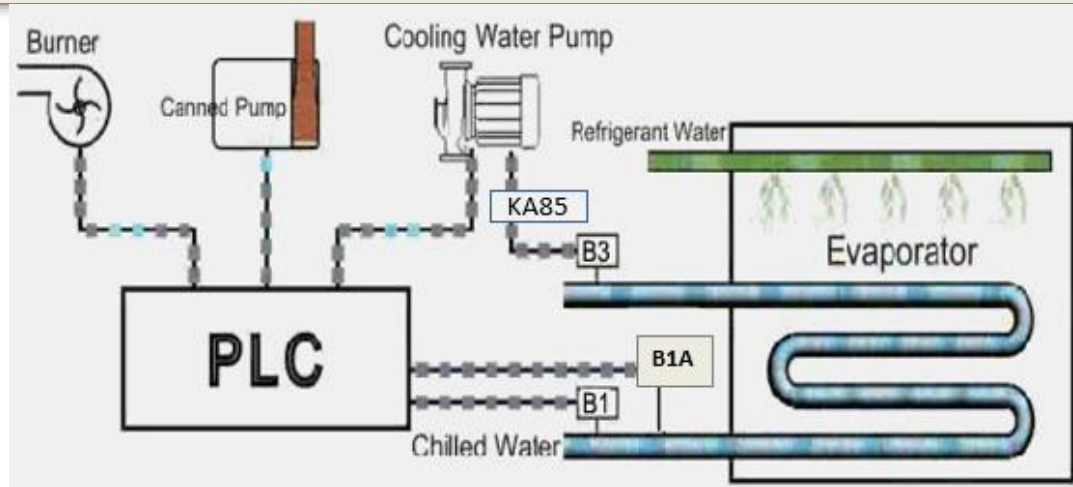




## Control System - 3<sup>rd</sup> Stage Protection

BROAD chiller provides 3 chilled water flow switches:

- B1: flow signal (connected to PLC program sequence interlock)
- B1A: flow signal (connected to PLC program sequence interlock)
- B3: flow signal ( Energize relay KA85 if have flow) the normal open terminal has to be wired to condenser water pump, once chilled water flow status is unsatisfied, KA85 relay de-energizes, condenser water pump should be shut off.







### 3. Chiller interface

#### Chilled Water Outlet Temperature:

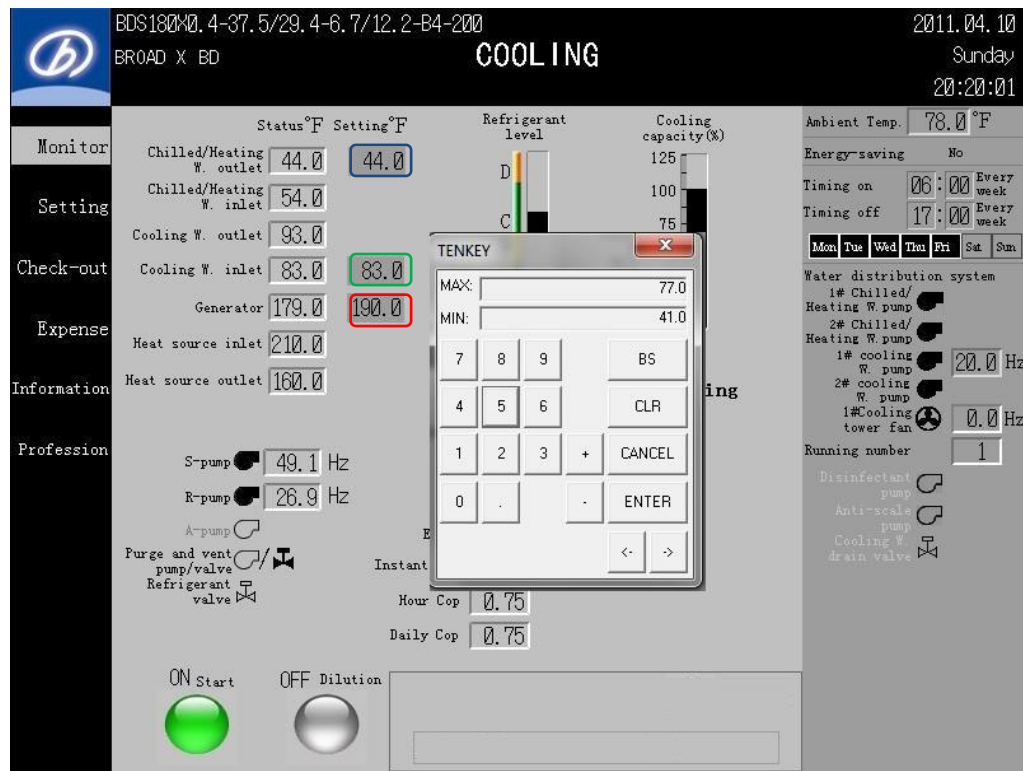
- **Range 41 to 77 degrees °F, default 45°F**  
The higher the more energy efficient

#### Condenser Water Inlet Temperature:

- **Range 74~93 °F, default 83 °F**

#### Generator Temperature:

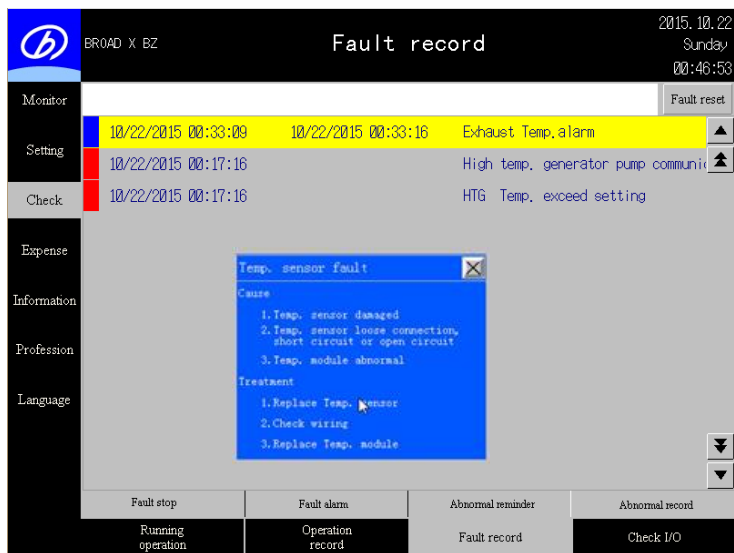
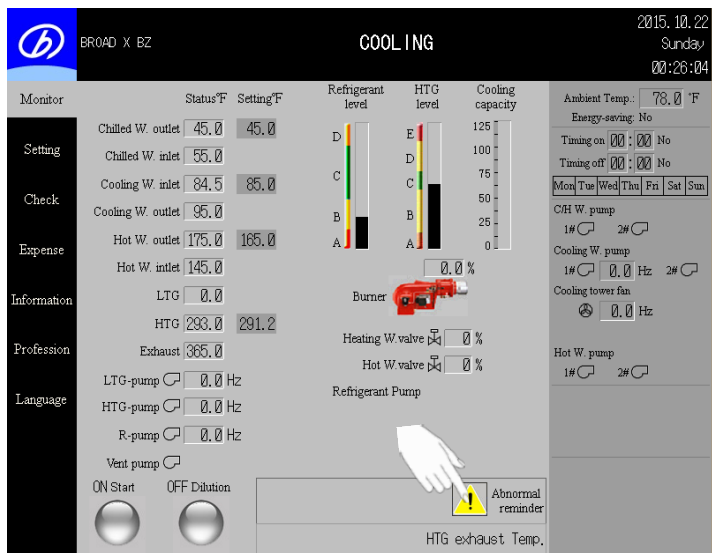
- **Single Stage – Range 150°F~203 °F , default 193 °F**
- **Double Stage - Range 248 °F~310 °F , default 293 °F**





## Alarm notice

1. Enter fault record by pressing the caution icon
2. Fault record will enable you to see: Fault name, occurring time of the fault, resetting time and abnormal reminder
3. Press the fault and follow the instructions



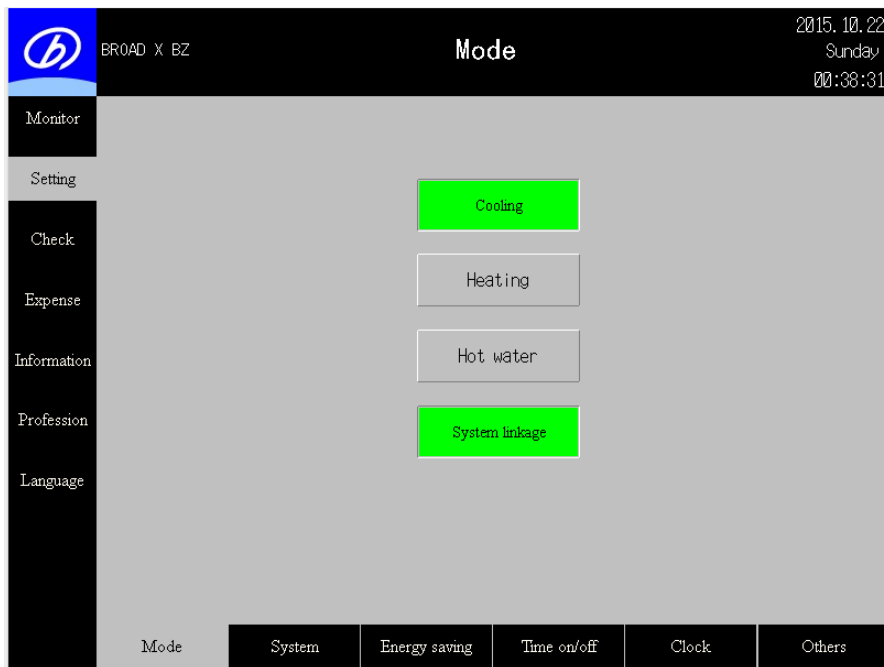


## Selection Mode

Press “Setting” to enter setting interface, then press “Mode” to enter.

### COOLING

- a. Make sure the steam angle valve, concentrated solution angle valve and diluted solution angle valve are fully open.
- b. Make sure the chilled water and cooling water drain valves are closed, and the heating water and hot water drain valve are fully open.
- c. Make sure the system’s cooling-heating switch valve is switched to cooling position and the system is full of water.





 BROAD X BZ		Time on/off		2015.10.22 Sunday 00:42:00	
Monitor	Timing on <input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="00"/>				
Setting	<input type="button" value="Every day"/>		<input type="button" value="Sun"/>	<input type="button" value="Thu"/>	
Check	<input type="button" value="Once"/>		<input type="button" value="Mon"/>	<input type="button" value="Fri"/>	
Expense	<input type="button" value="Week"/>		<input type="button" value="Tue"/>	<input type="button" value="Sat"/>	
Information	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		<input type="button" value="Wed"/>		
Profession	Timing off <input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="00"/>				
Language	<input type="button" value="Every day"/>		<input type="button" value="Sun"/>	<input type="button" value="Thu"/>	
	<input type="button" value="Once"/>		<input type="button" value="Mon"/>	<input type="button" value="Fri"/>	
	<input type="button" value="Week"/>		<input type="button" value="Tue"/>	<input type="button" value="Sat"/>	
	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		<input type="button" value="Wed"/>		
Mode		System	Energy saving	Time on/off	Clock
					Others



BROAD X BZ

## Operation record

2015.10.22

Sunday

00:44:09

Monitor

Record time(day-hour) 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00 22-00

Temp  
unit °F

Record time(min.:sec.) 09:31 10:01 10:31 11:01 11:31 12:02 23:01 29:11 34:11 39:11

Setting

Function cool cool cool cool cool cool cool cool cool cool cool

Printing

Control mode sys. sys. sys. sys. sys. sys. sys. sys. sys. sys.

Check

Chilled W. inlet temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 55.0 55.0 55.0 55.0 55.0 55.0 55.0

Print Fault

Chilled W. outlet temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 45.0 45.0 45.0 45.0 45.0 45.0

Expense

Heating W. inlet temp 999.9 999.9 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0 150.0

Print

Heating W. outlet temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 175.0 175.0 175.0 175.0 175.0 175.0 175.0

Information

Hot W. inlet temp 999.9 999.9 145.0 145.0 145.0 145.0 145.0 145.0 145.0 145.0

Record date

Hot W. outlet temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 175.0 175.0 175.0 175.0

20151022

Profession

Cooling W. inlet temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 84.5 84.5 84.5 84.5 84.5 84.5 84.5

Today

Cooling W. outlet temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 95.0 95.0 95.0 95.0 95.0 95.0

Language

LTG temp. 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

←

HTG temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 293.0 293.0 293.0 293.0 293.0

→

Exhaust temp 999.9 999.9 999.9 999.9 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0 365.0

↓

HTG level (sec.) E E E E E E C C C C

Refrigerant level (sec.) D D D D D D B B B B

CF card  
loseRunning  
operationOperation  
record

Fault record

Check I/O



## 5. Water system control suggestion

### Chilled Water flow control

1. Chiller requires start and stop control of the chilled water flow;
  2. Chiller provide flow switch failure check before and after the chiller start;
  3. Chilled should operation on constant flow; requires chilled water return temperature variable rate less 2 °F per minute if primary-secondary pump system applied
  4. Requires minimum 65% flowrate if variable flow applied and variable rate less 10% per minute
- ★ **Under no conditions can chiller operation be terminated by stopping chilled water flow;**





# Cooling Water flow control

1. Chiller requires start and stop control of the condenser water flow;
2. Chiller provide flow switch failure check before and after the pump start;
3. Failure auto recover programming require to control the condenser water flow(pump or valve);

★ **Condenser water flow must start and stop as determined by chiller control pane, Failure to stop flow risks evaporator freeze-up.**

★ **Operation without proper water pump or flow sensing interlocking will void the unit warranty**



# Condenser water temperature control

Common question:

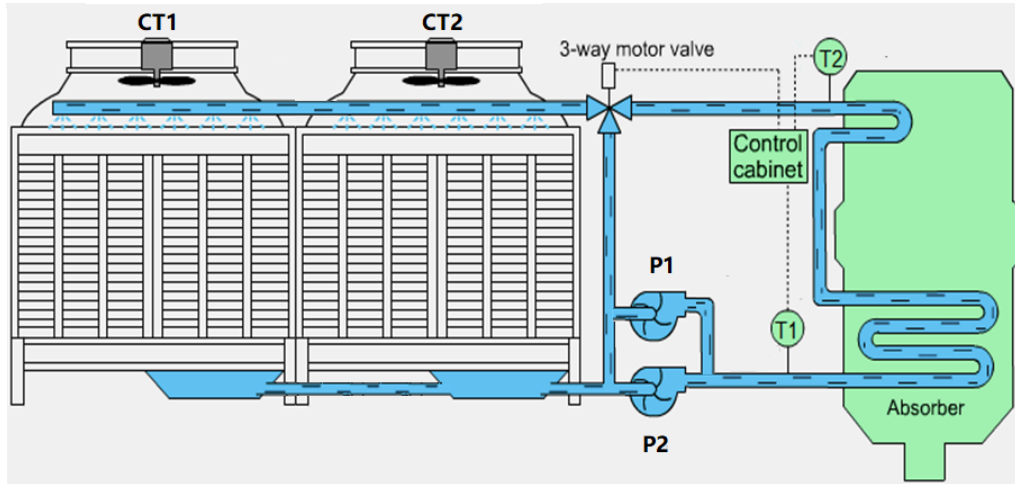
What's the condense water temperature range for operation?

80~85 F

What's lowest temperature for chiller start up?

No limit for startup, have limit for operation

What's the recommendation for condenser water temperature control?



Fan VFD control

Bypass valve



# Two chiller stage control

1. What's the condition should start the lag chiller?

80% load

2. What's the condition should stop the lag chiller?

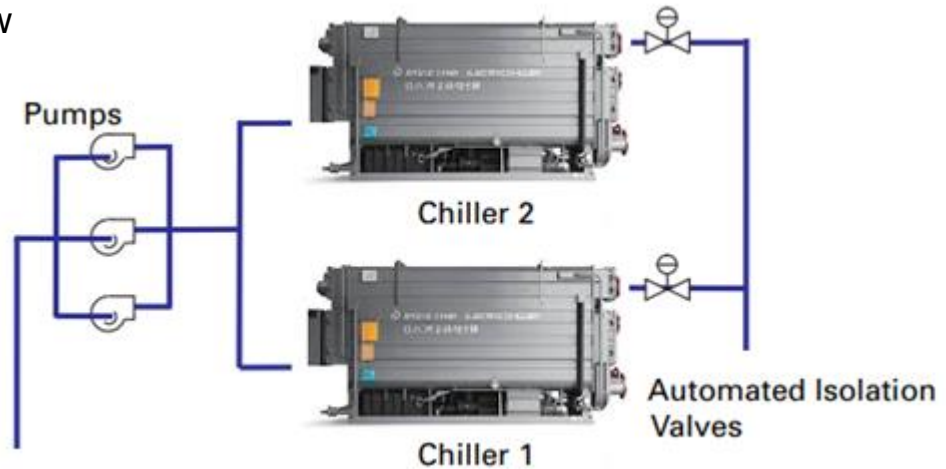
60% load

3. Can both chiller running at the same time?

Base system flowrate design

4. Why and how to solve the Lead chiller water flow fault during lag chiller start and stop?

Start pump and valve at same time





Bill Huang  
Technical manager  
Email: [Bill@broadusa.com](mailto:Bill@broadusa.com)

Broad USA Inc.  
401 Hackensack Avenue, Suite 503  
Hackensack, NJ 07601  
Tel: (201) 678-3010  
Fax: (201) 678-3011  
[www.broadusa.com](http://www.broadusa.com)